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6247 Hill N. Tracy Dr.

1907

MARKET GARDENER'S PRICE LIST

OF

GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER

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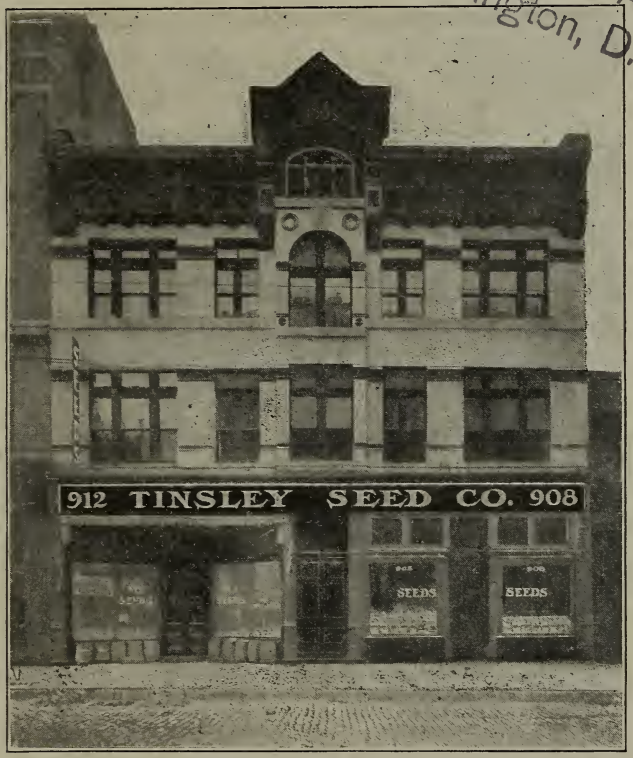
SEEDS



Grown for and Offered by

TINSLEY SEED CO.

912 NORTH BROADWAY

ST. LOUIS, MO.

THESE PRICES

Are For Truck Growers and Market Gardeners Only

Terms: Net Cash With Order

We exercise the greatest care to have all seeds pure and reliable, and sell no seed with warranty, either expressed or implied in any respect, and will not be responsible for the crop.

TINSLEY SEED CO.

Prices Subject To Change Without Notice

TINSLEY SEED CO.'S SPECIALTIES IN VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR 1907

Rubicon Carrot:—A medium early, half long stump rooted carrot, color deep orange red, a heavy cropper and is undoubtedly one of the best both for market Gardeners and private use. For a medium early carrot we recommend this very highly. Ounce 10c; ¼-lb., 20c; pound, 65c.

St. Louis Market Carrot:—This carrot is being introduced by us this year; it is a half long point rooted variety, deep orange color, one of the best field varieties grown. On account of its great productiveness and size, this variety will produce more bulk than any other variety we know of. Ounce 10c; ¼-lb., 20c; pound, 65c.

Earliest Dwarf Erfurt Cauliflower:—We procure our seed from Ernst Benary at Erfurt, Germany, the best Cauliflower seed grower in the world, and you make no mistake by getting this variety from us. Best for forcing and Greenhouse. The heads are solid, compact and ivory white, and develop earlier than any other variety. Pkg. 15c; ¼-Oz. $1.00; one ounce $4.00.

Cabbage, American King:—The favorite winter cabbage with the market Gardeners, makes immensely large solid heads. The American King excels by far, all other late cabbage, and a distinct feature in this cabbage is the small number of ribs and their remarkable smallness in size. Ounce, 30c; ¼-lb., $1.00; one pound, $3.50.

St. Louis Market Musk Melon:—Was introduced in this market a few years ago. A medium sized, deeply netted, nearly round melon of the nutmeg variety. It has greenish yellow flesh, solid and very juicy and fine flavor. For a general Market Melon it can not be excelled. Ounce, 10c; ¼-lb., 20c; one pound, 65c.

Globe Onions:—The steadily increasing popularity of the Globe Type of Onion is no doubt due to the fact that Globe Onions command the highest market price. Large Onions can be grown from seed the first year. The Southport Red Globe as a leader is the finest shaped and best flavored. The White Globe and Yellow Globe Prizetaker are extensively used for Hot Bed and early bunching. The Yellow Globe Danvers is also a fine Market Onion.

Chinese Giant Pepper:—The largest green pepper in cultivation, it grows about twice the size of the Ruby King. Plants grow 2½ to 3 feet high, very stocky and productive, six to eight peppers often grow in a cluster. Very mild and sweet. Ounce 25c; ¼-lb., 75c.

Livingston Globe Tomato:—A new early purple variety of great merit, it is perfectly globe shaped, comes earlier than the Beauty and lasts longer. The fruit is very meaty and has few seeds, medium size. As a general cropper we recommend this Tomato very highly. Ounce 30c; ¼-lb., $1.00; pound $3.50.

Early Champion Sweet Corn:—The very best medium early corn in the market; comes in a few days later than the extra early varieties, and is a sure and heavy cropper. If you ever try this corn we assure you that you will not want anything better. Stalks grow to a medium height, and ears are long with a very small cob. Quart, 15c; Peck, 65c; Bushel, $2.50.

Dwarfed Curled Scotch Kale: Dwarf and very compact, with large, bright, deep green leaves, curled, cut and crimped until the whole plant resembles a bunch of moss. It would be well worthy of cultivation simply for its beauty. Ounce, 10c; ¼-lb., 20c; one pound, 60c.

St. Louis Black Seeded Forcing Lettuce:—This lettuce was introduced in the St. Louis Market a few years ago and is the best lettuce for forcing and early spring out door planting in existence. The heads are large, dark green and very solid. This variety is grown almost exclusively by St. Louis Market Gardeners for hot bed and Greenhouse culture. Ounce, 15c; ¼-lb., 40c; one pound, $1.50.

Salamander Lettuce:—Will stand the summer heat and drought better than any other variety. Medium size, compact head. Highly recommended for Market Gardeners as a midsummer lettuce. Ounce, 15c; ¼-lb., 40c; one pound, $1.50.

These prices are based upon customers paying express and freight charges upon delivery.

If wanted by mail add 15c per quart for Beans, Peas and Corn, and 10c per pound on other seeds, except Garden Seeds in Packets which will be sent postage paid.

ARTICHOKE—ARTISCHOKEN

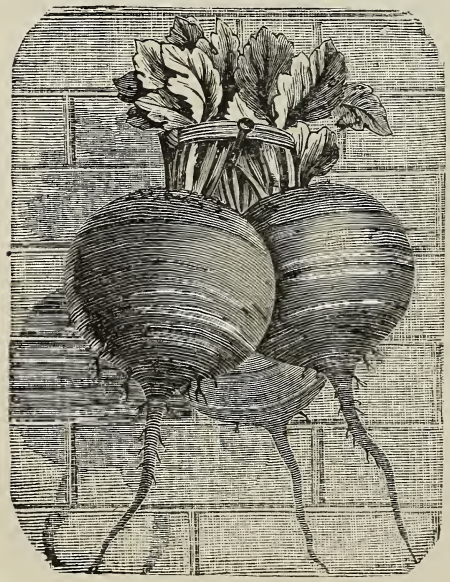
Culture:—Sow in Hotbeds in February and March and transplant in rows three feet apart and two feet apart in the rows. They mature the second year and must be protected in the winter. One ounce will produce about 1500 Plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Large Green Globe, a very delicious vegetable	5	25	75	2.50

ASPARAGUS—SPARGEL

Culture:—Beds are usually formed by setting out plants one or two years old, either in late fall or early spring. If you wish to grow plants sow seed in drills one foot apart and two inches deep in light rich soil. Give thorough and frequent cultivation during the summer. The plant will then be fit to set out the next sprng. One Ounce will sow a 50-foot drill and produce about 200 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Columbian Mammoth, White, best and largest	5	10	15	35
Palmetto, a fine early variety	5	10	15	30
Conover's Colossal, the Old Standard	5	10	15	30



Early Eclipse

BEETS

Culture:—If wanted very early, sow in hot beds and transplant; cut off the outer leaves. For general crop sow in freshly prepared, well manured soil, as soon as all danger of frost is over, in rows eight inches apart, about one inch deep and press soil firmly over the seed. For winter use, the late varieties may be sown in June so as to mature late in the season. One ounce to 50-ft. of drill. 5 to 6 pounds to the acre.

BEETS—Continued

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Crosby's Egyptian, very early dark red	5	10	15	35
Detroit Dark Red, Top Shaped, early	5	10	15	35
Extra Early Electric, Dark Crimson Color, nearly round	5	10	15	35
Extra Early Eclipse, Fine for Market Gardeners	5	10	15	35
Extra Early Egyptian, Best Early Beet Grown	5	10	15	35
Edmands Blood Turnip, Best for Fall sowing	5	10	15	35
Long Smooth Blood, Long Blood Red	5	10	15	35
Swiss Chard Silverleaf	5	10	15	35

MANGEL WURTZEL—RUNKEL RUEBEN

Culture:—The Best soil for Mangel Wurtzel is rich sandy loam. Sow in drill about thirty inches apart and thin out to 8 to 10 inches in the row. Cultivate thoroughly. 4 to 5 pounds will sow an acre.

	Pkt.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Mammoth Prize Long Red, Excellent for stock feeding	.05	10	25
Yellow or Orange Globe, very large	.05	10	25
Golden Tankard, Long Yellow, very productive	.05	10	25

BROCOLI—SPARGEL KOHL

Culture:—Plant and Cultivate same as Cauliflower. Heads do not grow as large and compact as Cauliflower, but the growth and habit is the same. One ounce will produce about 2500 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
White Cape, similar to Cauliflower	5	25	75	2.50

BRUSSELS SPROUTS—ROSENKOHL

Culture:—Plant and culitvate same as Cabbage. The plants produce from the side of the stalks numerous little sprouts resembling small Cabbages one or two inches in diameter. One ounce will produce about 2500 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Perfection, very delicious and easy to grow	5	15	40	1.50

BEANS (Dwarf or Bush)—ZWERG BOHNEN

Culture:—Beans are very sensitive to both cold and wet and, therefore, should not be planted before all danger of frost is over. Plant in drills two to three feet apart and 4 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Hoe often and draw the earth towards the plants. They can be planted as late as September 1st, as it takes but six to seven weeks to mature them. One quart will plant 10 foot drill. 2 bushels to the acre.

DWARF GREEN PODDED SORTS

	Pkt.	Qt.	P'k.	Bu.
Early Brown Mohawk, the very earliest Bean grown.....	5	20	1.00	4.00
Early Long Yellow, Six Weeks, makes a green flat pod.....	5	20	1.00	4.00
Early Red Speckled Valentine, best beans for market	5	20	1.00	4.00
Extra Early Refugee, very early, round podded, ...	5	20	1.00	4.00
Stringless Green Pod, round pod, absolutely stringless.....	5	25	1.25	5.00
New Giant Stringless Valentine, a new variety, stringless, very productive, round pod	5	25	1.25	5.00

Stringless Green Pod

BEANS, WAX PODDED SORTS

	Pkt.	Qt.	P'k.	Bu.
Improved Golden Wax, flat broad pods	5	25	1.75	7.00
German Black Wax, round podded, rustless	5	25	1.50	6.00
Wardwell's Kidney Wax, large flat pods, fine	5	25	1.65	6.50
Davis White Wax, entirely rustless, white seeded	5	25	1.65	6.50

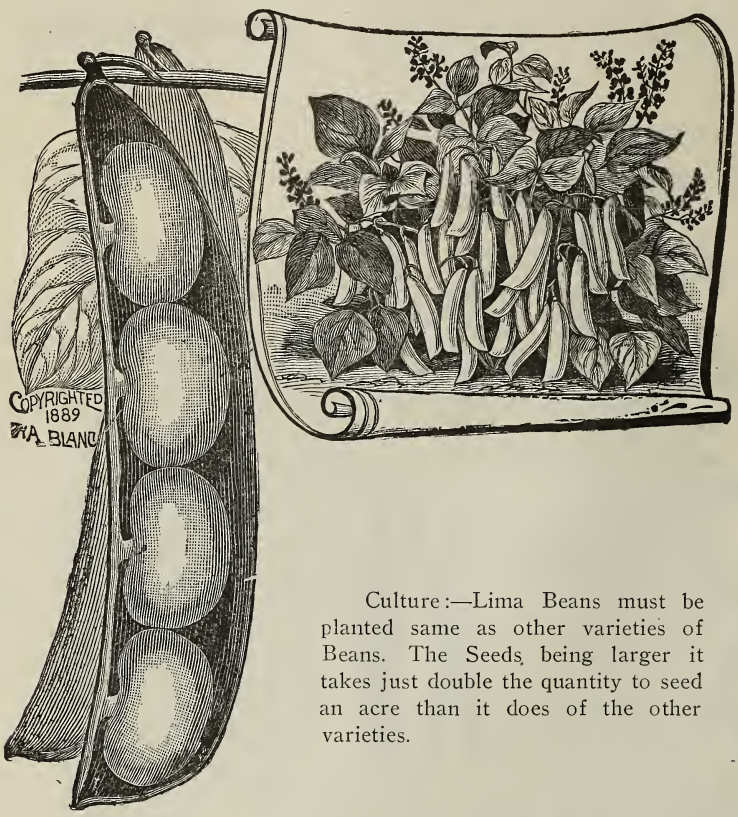
BEANS (Pole or Running)—STANGEN BOHNEN

Kentucky Wonder

Culture:—After settled weather set poles, four to eight feet long in rows four feet apart, and three feet apart in the rows. Around these poles plant 6 to 8 Beans about two inches deep and when well started thin out to four Beans to each pole. When the plants are well started hoe or cultivate often and keep free from weeds. For late or fall Beans, Pole Beans will have to be planted earlier than the dwarf sorts as it takes longer for them to mature.

	Pkt.	Qt.	P'k.	Bu.
Improved Kentucky Wonder, the best Pole Beans grown	5	25	1.50	5.75
Red Speckled Cutshort, long round podded	5	25	1.50	5.50
Fat Horse or White Creasback, white seeded, round pod.....	5	25	1.50	6.00
Southern Prolific, largely used in the south.....	5	25	1.50	6.00
Lazy Wife's large white seeded, fine for pickling	5	25	1.50	6.00
Missouri White Cornfield, round podded, white seeded	5	25	1.50	6.00

BEANS (Lima or Butter)—LIMA ORDER BUTTER BOHNEN



Bush Lima

Culture:—Lima Beans must be planted same as other varieties of Beans. The Seeds being larger it takes just double the quantity to seed an acre than it does of the other varieties.

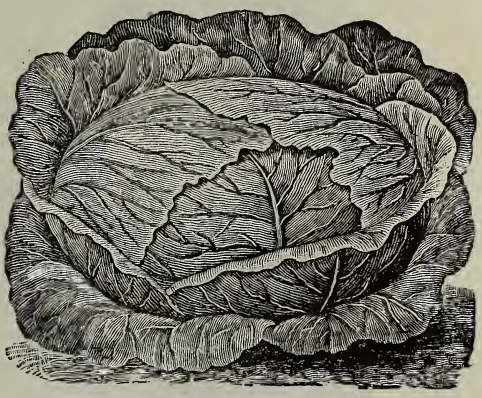
	Pkt.	Qt.	P'k.	Bu.
Henderson's Bush, small, white, very productve	5	25	1.50	5.75
Burpees Bush, large seeded, very early	5	25	1.50	5.75
Extra Early Jersey Lima, early, a good bearer	5	25	1.50	6.00
Large White or Butter, best for market	5	25	1.50	6.00
Small Lima or Sieva, commonly called Butter Bean	5	25	1.50	6.00

ENGLISH BEANS—PUFF ORDER SAN BOHNEN

	Pkt.	Qt.	P'k.	Bu.
Broad Windsor, cooked with pod, fine	5	25	1.50	6.00

CABBAGE—KOPFKOHL

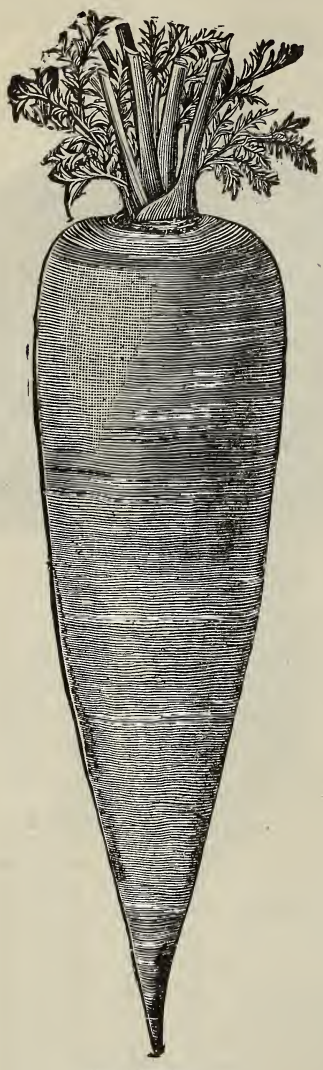
Early Jersey Wakefield



American King

Culture:—The early sorts should be sown in hotbeds as early as the last of January or first of February and transplanted in open ground, in March or April, The second early sorts can be sown in open ground in March and transplanted in April, and the late varieties sow in open ground in May and transplanted in June. Good, rich, mellow, sandy soil is best for Cabbage, cultivated often, and draw the earth to the plants as they advance in growth. We secure our seed from the very best growers and will positively not sell any varieties that we know are not true to the name. One ounce will produce about 2500 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Early Spring, very early, flat head, new	5	20	65	2.00
Early Jersey Wakefield, small pointed head	5	20	65	2.00
Charleston Wakefield, large-pointed head, solid	5	20	65	2.00
Early Large York, pointed head, some later than Wakefield	5	15	40	1.25
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch, an early, excellent variety	5	15	40	1.25
Early Drumhead, similar to the Early Flat Dutch	5	15	40	1.25
All Head, early, excellent for market, very tender	5	15	40	1.50
Henderson's Early Summer, large, Flat Head, second early	5	15	40	1.50
All Seasons, Best Summer Cabbage grown, a sure header	5	15	40	1.35
Improved White Brunswick, short-stemmed, large and solid	5	15	40	1.35
Solid South, large flat head, fine for Kraut	5	20	65	2.00
Large Late American Drumhead, late and very solid	5	15	40	1.25
Prize Head, Late Flat Dutch, solid, best late Cabbage for market	5	15	40	1.50
American King, largest and latest Cabbage grown	5	30	1.00	3.50
Early Dwarf, Ulm Savoy, early curled, solid head	5	15	40	1.50
American Perfection Drumhead, Savoy, curled leaf, late	5	15	40	1.50
Early Blood or Dark Red Erfurt, small but very solid	5	15	40	1.50
Mammoth Rock Red, the largest solid Red Cabbage grown	5	15	40	1.50

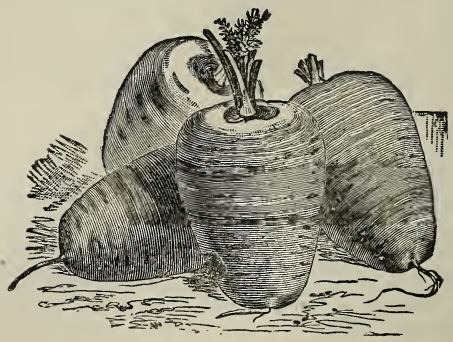


Danvers Half Long

CARROTS—Gelbe Rueben

Culture:—For table use sow the early kinds just as soon as the ground can be worked in Spring in rich, sandy soil, well fertilized. Sow in rows 16 to 18 inches apart and thin out to 6 and 8 to the foot.

For Field Culture and Winter Use, sow the seed in June in rows 18 to 24 inches apart and thin out to 4 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Hoe often and keep free from weeds. Sow from 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.



Oz Heart

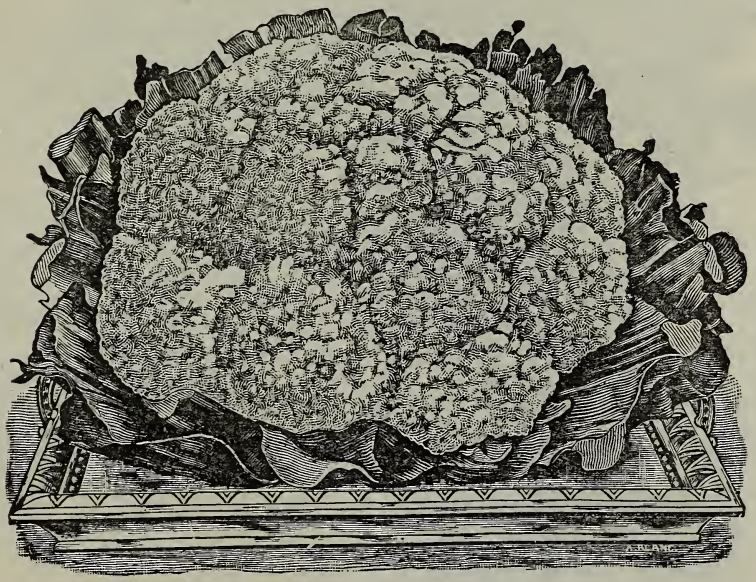
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Early Scarlet Horn, point rooted, early	5	10	20	65
Chantenay, stump rooted, early	5	10	20	65
St. Louis Market, half long, point rooted	5	10	15	65
Oxheart or Guerande, a short, thick variety	5	10	20	65
Scarlet Intermediate, long point rooted, medium early	5	10	20	65
Half Long Stump Rooted, one of the best for market	5	10	20	65

CARROTS—Continued

Danvers Half Long, best for late planting, a good keeper	5	10	20	65
Improved Long Orange, long and good for fall planting	5	10	20	50
Rubicon, Half Long, the very best carrot in market	5	10	20	65
Large White Belgian, fine for stock feeding	5	10	15	35

CAULIFLOWER—BLUMENKOHL

We import our Cauliflower seed from the very best grower in Erfurt, Germany, and guarantee it to be the best seed that money can buy. One ounce will produce about 2500 plants.



Extra Select Earliest Dwarf Erfurt

Culture:—Sow seed in hot beds in January or February. When the plants are three inches high transplant in another frame two or three inches apart. And plant out in April or May for heading. Set the plants two feet apart, give them plenty water and cultivate same as cabbage. The ground must be very rich and well worked.

	Pkt.	¼-Oz.	Oz.
Extra Select Earliest Dwarf Erfurt, best for forcing	15	1.00	4.00
Early Snowball, best for cold frames and outdoor	10	.75	2.50
Early Dwarf Erfurt, a very good second early variety	5	.50	1.75

CORN SALAD—FELD SALAD

Culture:—Sow in early Spring or in September in shallow drills ten inches apart, and cover lightly. If the weather is dry, press down the soil lightly.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Large leaved, sown in the Fall for lettuce	5	10	15	45

CELERY—SELERIE

White Pluma

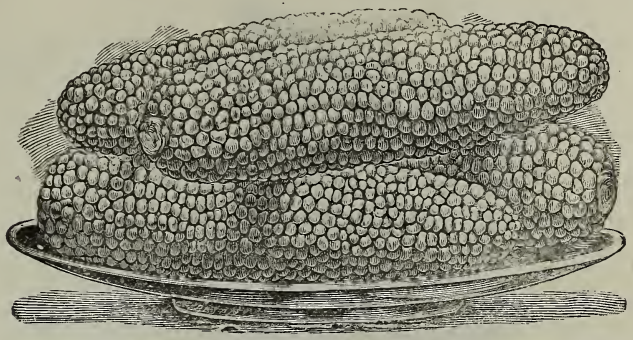
Culture:—Sow the seed in shallow boxes indoors or in a finely prepared seed bed out of doors. Do not cover the seed too deep and keep the bed moist until the seeds germinate.

Set out the plants in July and August in trenches six inches deep and 4 to 6 feet apart, and six inches apart in the trenches. Draw the earth about them and repeat every few days, until only the tops of the leaves are visible. Do not disturb the plants while they are wet as they are liable to rust. One ounce will produce 3,000 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
White Plume, very tender and crisp	5	15	40	1.40
Golden, Self-blanching, golden yellow, very heavy and stocky.	5	20	65	2.00
Boston Market, a dwarf variety, used principally for soup bunches	5	15	35	1.00
Golden Heart, Solid, fine flavor	5	15	35	1.00
Giant Pascal, large, heavily ribbed	5	15	35	1.00
Celeriac Turnip, rooted, mainly grown for the root	5	15	35	1.25

GARDEN AND SWEET CORN—SUES KORN

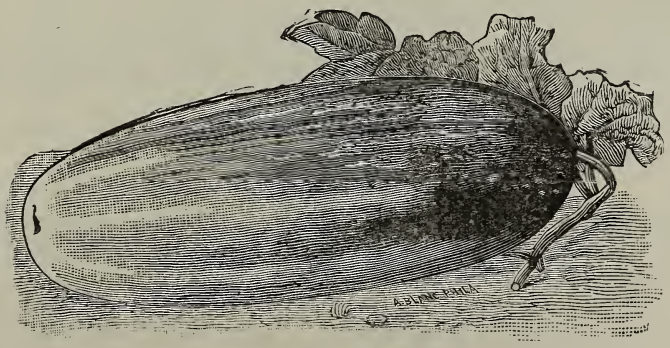
One quart will plant 150 hills. 4 to 6 quarts to the acre.



Culture:—Plant in hills three feet apart and leave four plants to the hill; cultivate often, and draw up the soil to the stem. Plant at intervals of ten days from early spring until midsumer for a succession.

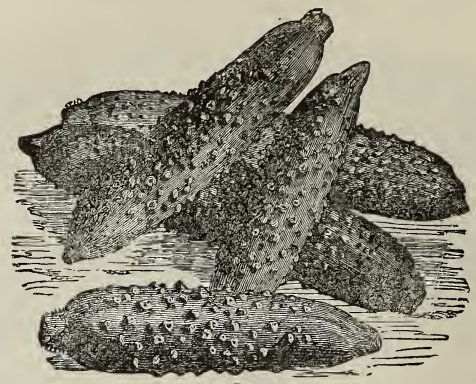
	Pkt.	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.
Extra Early Adams, small ear, very early	5	15	50	2.00
Early White Adams, not so early, ear much larger	5	15	50	2.00
Mammoth White Cory, the largest early sweet corn grown	5	15	65	2.50
Black Mexican, dark red grain, very fine	5	15	65	2.50
Early Champion, medium early, large ear	5	15	65	2.50
Kendel's Early Giant, a large early variety	5	15	65	2.50
Shaker's Early, fine corn for early market	5	15	65	2.50
Perry's Hybrid, medium early, large producer	5	15	65	2.50
Country Gentleman or Shoe Peg, very sweet	5	15	75	3.00
Stowell's Evergreen, the old standart sort	5	15	65	2.50
Late Mammoth, very large ear and late	5	15	65	2.50

CUCUMBER—GURKEN



Long White Spine

CUCUMBER—Continued



Green Pickling

Culture:—In February and March plant seeds in hot beds, and when there is no more danger of frost plant out in rich ground, in hill from 4 to 5 feet apart. Or plant Seed in open ground as soon as the weather is warm, in hills four feet apart. Plant about 10 to 12 seeds in a hill, and cover half-inch deep with fine soil. Hoe often, and when out of danger of insects, thin out the plants, leaving 4 to a hill. For pickling, plant from June to August.

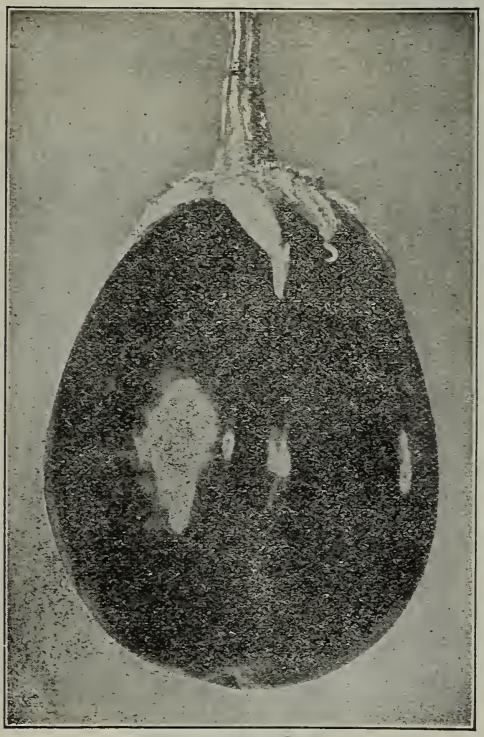
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Improved White Spine, grow 10 to 12 inches long, fine for slicing	5	10	20	65
Arlington White Spine, similar to above	5	10	20	65
Early Russian, good for very small pickles	5	10	20	65
Early Short Green, good for pickling or table use	5	10	20	65
Early Green Cluster, best for bottle pickling	5	10	20	65
Improved Long Green, the old standard variety	5	10	20	65
Jersey Pickle, medium size pickle	5	10	20	65
Green Prolific, a pickling variety, very productive	5	10	20	65
Chicago Pickle, good for late planting	5	10	20	65
New Century, long, dark green, best for forcing	5	10	25	90
Tailby Hybrid, a forcing variety, very fine	5	10	25	90
Gherkins or Burr, small and round, for pickling only	5	10	25	1.00

CRESS—GARTEN KRESSE

Culture:—The seed of the Pepper Grass should be sown on very rich soil in drills about sixteen inches apart. The seed of the Water Cress should be sown along the borders of small streams ,or in running water.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Curled or Pepper Grass, a fine salad	5	10	15	40
True Water, to be grown in water only	5	25	75	2.50

EGG PLANT—EIERPLANTZE



Oval Purple Spineless

One ounce will produce 1,000 plants.

Culture:—Sow in hot beds early in Spring and transplant the young plants when they are two or three inches high in another bed three inches apart. At the end of April or first of May plant them in very rich soil, two feet apart. Hoe often and draw the soil towards the plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.
New York Oval Purple, large dark purple	5	35	1.00
Improved Spineless, dark and perfectly smooth	5	35	1.00

ENDIVE—ENDIVIEN

One ounce will sow twenty feet square.

Culture:—Sow from May to August in drills and cover lightly. When the plants are up, thin out from 8 to 10 inches apart. When the leaves are eight inches long, blanch them by tying them together near the top.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Green Curled, leaves dark green, blanches white	5	15	40	1.50
White Curled, self-blanching	5	15	40	1.50
Broad leaved, thick, broad leaved	5	15	40	1.50

Dwarf Curled Scotch

KALE—KRAUSKOHL

One ounce will produce 2500 plants. 2 pounds to the acre.

Culture:—Sow middle of April until last of August and transplant. Cultivate same as Cabbage. Kale is very hardy and is best when touched by Frost.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Tall Green Curled Scotch, 2½ to 3 feet high	5	10	20	60
Dwarf Green Curled Scotch, very curly	5	10	20	60
Improved Siberian, Curly Leaves, stands the cold weather well	5	10	15	45
Dwarf German Greens, used principally for fall sowing	5	10	15	45

KOHLRABI—GLASKOHLRABI

One ounce will produce about 2500 plants.

Culture:—Sow from March to July and treat same as Cabbage, only in hoeing be careful not to heap too much soil about them. Plant in rows one foot apart and eight to ten inches apart in the rows.

Early White Vienna

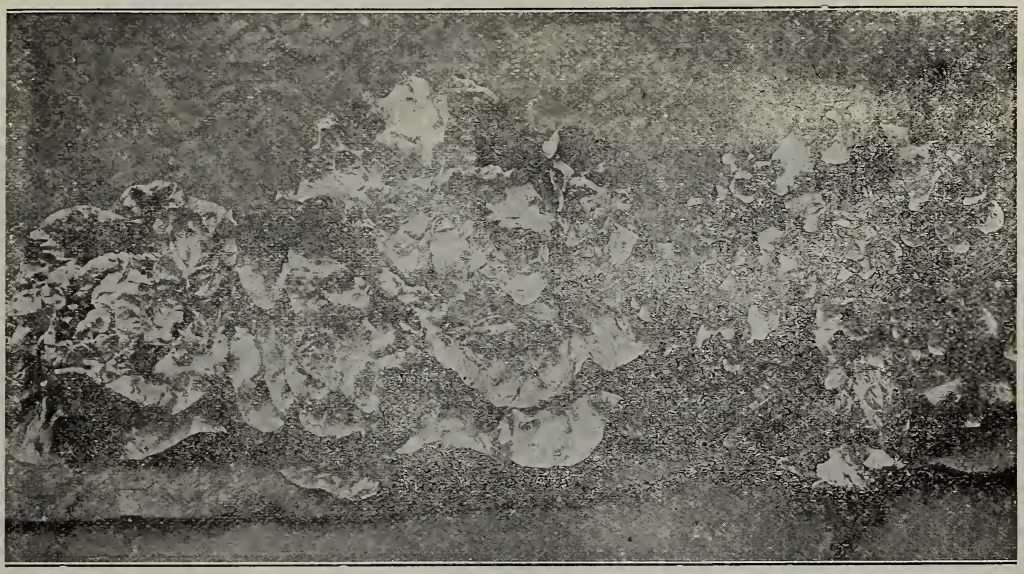
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Earliest White Erfurt, best for forcing	5	15	50	1.50
Early White Vienna, good for forcing and open ground	5	15	50	1.50

LEEK—LAUCH

Culture:—Sow in early spring in drills and when two inches high, thin out to one inch apart. When the plants are six inches high, transplant in rows one foot apart and about six inches apart in the rows. Hoe often and draw soil up to them as they grow. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Large London Flag, early and very large	5	15	40	1.50
Large Musselburgh, large flat leaved	5	15	40	1.50

LETTUCE—SALAT.



St. Louis Market—Big Boston—Early Curled Simpson

Culture:—Sow in frames in February and March and in open ground as soon as the ground can be worked, and thin out and transplant in rows nine inches to one foot apart. Sow every two or three weeks for a succession during Spring and Summer. Hoe often and keep weeds down. 1 ounce will produce about 3,000 plants.

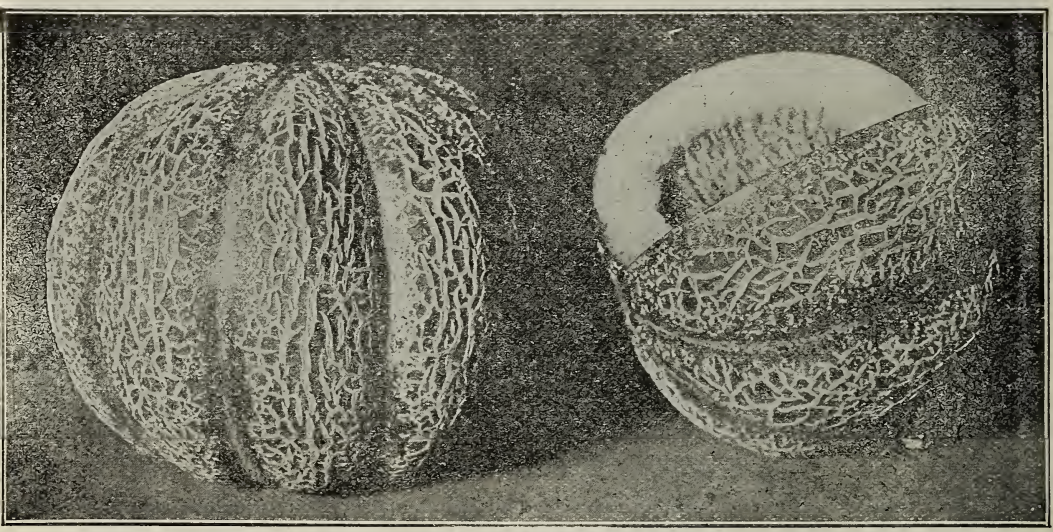
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Early Curled Simpson, fine curled variety	5	15	40	1.00
Black Seed Simpson, large bright colored leaves	5	15	40	1.00
Grand Rapids, curled forcing variety	5	15	40	1.00
Prize Head, half curled, bronze edged	5	15	40	1.25
Big Boston, large compact heads, fine for hot weather	5	15	40	1.50
St. Louis Market, the best market Gardener Summer Lettuce	5	15	40	1.50
St. Louis Black Seeded Forcing, best for forcing	5	15	40	1.50
Early White Cabbage or Butter, large heads, very tender	5	15	40	1.50
Golden Buttercup, large heads, thin leaved	5	15	40	1.00
Salamander, large heads, half curled	5	15	40	1.50
Improved Hanson, large, very solid heads	5	15	40	1.00
Boston Market, small, solid heads	5	15	40	1.00
Paris White Cos. long straight leaved	5	15	40	1.50
Hardy Green Winter, can be sown out of doors, very late	5	15	40	1.50

MUSHROOM SPAWN—CchampignON BRUT

Culture:—Mushroom can be planted in a cellar, shed or in beds, where the sun cannot touch them. Take fresh Horse Manure without the straw, shake it well apart, and lay in a heap to ferment. Turn and mix it well every three or four days. The beds should be four feet wide and as long as you wish to make them. In making the bed put in Eighteen to Twenty inches manure, and on top of manure put about 12 inches of good ground. When the bed gets dry sprinkle with luke warm water, enough to wet the ground and not the manure. Plant pieces of Spawn about the size of a walnut, about two inches deep and six inches apart. One brick or about 1¼ pounds will plant about 10 square feet of bed.

	lb.	10lbs.
English Imported	.15	1.00

MUSK MELON—ZUCKER MELONEN

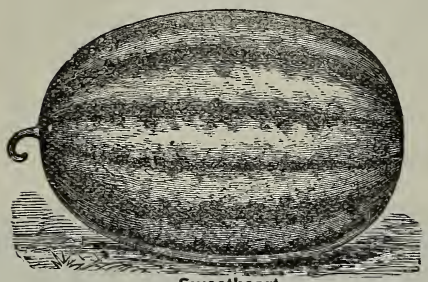


St. Louis Market

Culture:—In May and June plant in hills five feet apart, ten seeds to the hill, and thin out to four plants to the hill. Draw the soil around the stems, cut out the points of the shoots to make the vine grow stronger. Plant in rich, sandy soil. One ounce to 50 hills. 2 to 3 pounds in hills to the acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Rocky Ford, medium, oblong and fine flavored	5	10	20	65
Netted Gem, similar to the Rocky Ford	5	10	20	65
Early Hackensack, a good market melon	5	10	20	65
St. Louis Market, greenish yellow, flesh heavily ribbed	5	10	20	65
Emerald Gem, medium size, fine flavored	5	10	20	65
Osage or Miller's Cream, dark green, salmon colored flesh	5	10	20	65
Nutmeg, small and round, early, dark green flesh	5	10	20	65
Champion Market, green flesh, very large	5	10	20	65
Paul Rose, small round, pink flesh	5	10	20	65

WATER MELON—WASSER MELONEN



Sweetheart

Culture:—The same as Musk Melon, except that the hills should be 6 feet apart. One ounce to 30 hills. Three to Four pounds to the acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Alabama Sweet, very sweet, good for shipping	5	10	15	35
Triumph, dark green, fine market melon	5	10	15	35
Florida Favorite, medium size, red flesh	5	10	15	35
Ice Cream, long light colored, very sweet	5	10	15	35
Sweet Heart, nearly round, best melon for home use	5	10	15	35
Georgia Rattlesnake, long striped melon, very popular	5	10	15	35
Duke Jones, a fine oblong melon, medium early	5	10	15	35
Long Dixie, long, large and fine flavored	5	10	15	35
Kolb's Gem, the old well-known variety	5	10	15	35
Dark Icing, very prolific, dark rind	5	10	15	35
Mammoth Iron Clad, largest melon grown	5	10	15	35
Black Diamond, dark green rind, good shipper	5	10	15	35

MUSTARD—SENF

Culture:—For early crop sow in March, and then continue sowing about every two weeks during the first part of summer, in drills, eight to ten inches apart. For winter use, sow in frames and boxes. 5 to 7 lbs. to the acre. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill.

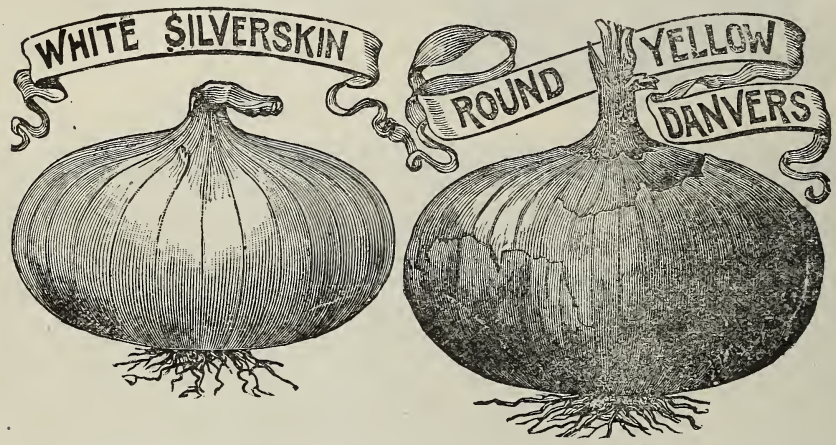
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Southern Giant, Curled, grown for greens	5	10	15	45
White or London, seeds are used for pickling	5	10	15	25
Brown or Black, small foliage	5	10	15	25

OKRA—GOMBO

Culture:—Plant about the middle of Spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills three feet apart, and thin out plants to about a foot apart in the rows. Hoe often, and draw the soil up to the stem. The ground should be well fertilized. One ounce will sow about 20 feet of drill. 5 to 6 lbs. to the acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
White Velvet, White Pod, very productive	5	10	15	35
Improved Dwarf Green, green pod, large and early	5	10	15	35
Long Green, long green pod	5	10	15	35

ONIONS—ZWIEBELN



One Ounce of seed will sow a 50-foot row. It takes 3 to 4 lbs. to sow an acre to make large onions, and 50 to 60 lbs. to the acre for sets.

Culture:—The ground for onions should be a light, loamy soil, and should be ploughed very deep and well fertilized. Sow the seed in drills 10 to 12 inches apart about 1 inch deep. Hoe often and keep free from weeds. Avoid covering the plants with ground.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Extra Early Red Flat, medium size, very early	5	10	30	90
Large Red Weathersfield, large flat onion, best for market	5	10	30	90
Large Red Globe, can be grown from seed in one season	5	10	30	1.00
Danver's Yellow Globe, medium size, very mild	5	10	30	1.00
Danver's Yellow, large, flat onion, light yellow	5	10	30	1.00
Yellow Giant Prize Taker, excellent for forcing	5	10	30	1.00
Extra Early White Pearl, the earliest white onion grown	5	15	40	1.50
Philadelphia White Silver Skin, best for pickling	5	15	40	1.50
White Globe, large, early, good for bunching	5	15	60	2.25
White Mammoth Silver King, best for forcing	5	15	40	1.50

PARSLEY—PETERSILIE

Culture:—Sow the seed in Spring in drills one foot apart. If wanted for the winter, transplant in cold frame. Seed should be soaked in warm water a few hours before sowing, as it is very slow to germinate. One ounce will sow about 75 feet of drill. 5 to 6 pounds to the acre.

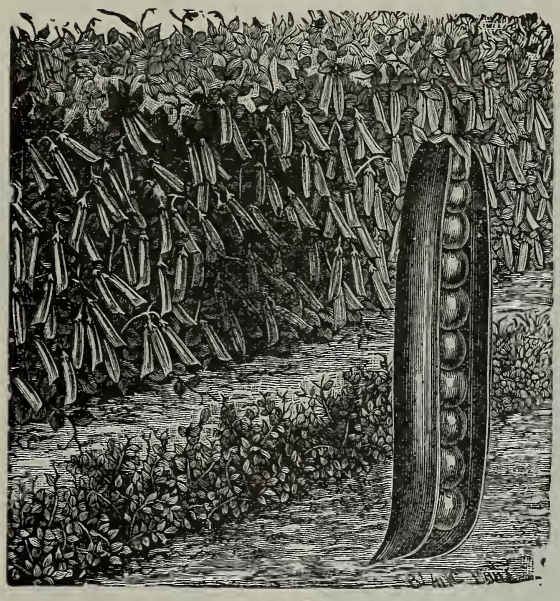
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Plain Leaves, dark green, very hardy	5	10	15	45
Curled or Double, fine for garnishing	5	10	15	45
Champion Moss Curled or Myatt's Garnishing	5	10	15	45

PARSNIP—PASTINACKWURTZEL

Culture:—Sow during Spring in drills one inch deep, drills 12 to 18 inches apart, and when two or three inches high, thin out from 4 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Hoe often. Soil should be deep and rich. One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill. 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Large Sugar or Hollow Crown, long and smooth	5	10	15	35

PEAS—ERBSEN



Alaska

Notts Excelsior

Culture:—Plant as soon as the ground can be worked. For a succession, plant at intervals of two weeks throughout the season. Plant in rows, the dwarf kind, about two feet apart, and the taller kind from four to five feet apart, and about an inch apart in the rows, and two inches deep. Hoe often. When well up, set brush along the rows corresponding with the heighth of the Pea cultivated. One quart will plant 50 feet of drill. 2 to 2½ Bu. to the acre.

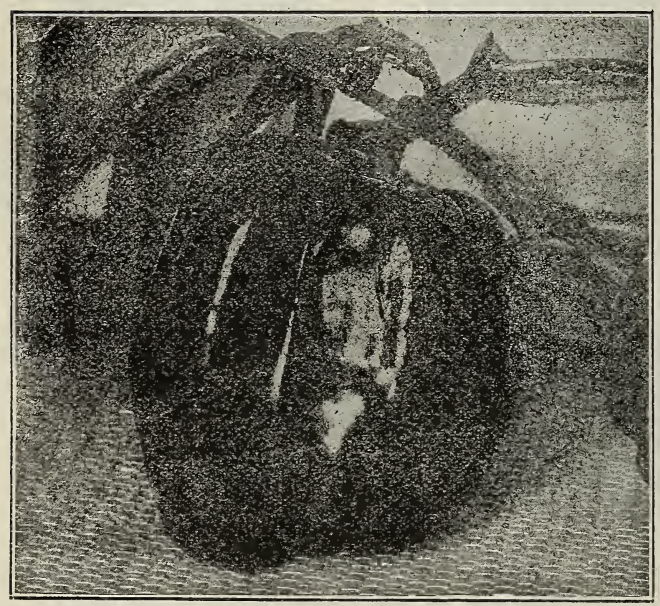
EXTRA EARLY SORTS

	Pkt.	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.
First and Best, very early light green pods	5	20	90	3.00
Early May, similar to the first and best	5	20	90	3.00
Alaska, dark green pods, very earliest pea in cultivation	5	20	90	3.00
Tom Thumb, dwarf, very early	5	25	1.50	5.50
American Wonder, dwarf, grows about 18 inches high	5	25	1.25	5.00
Nott's Excelsior, the best dwarf pea for the market	5	25	1.25	5.00
McLean's Little Gem, medium early drawf peas	5	25	1.25	5.00
Gradus, very popular for Home Garden	5	30	1.50	6.00

SECOND EARLY AND LATE SORTS

	Pkt.	Qt.	Pk.	Bu.
Horseford's Market Garden, heads the list as a general cropper	5	25	1.00	4.00
Pride of the Market, pods dark green, very productive	5	25	1.25	5.00
Telephone, large, broad, dark green pod	5	25	1.25	5.00
Improved Stratagem, largest podded peas grown	5	25	1.25	5.00
Champion of England, a late wrinkled pea, very popular	5	20	1.00	3.50
Blackeyed Marrowfat, a good pea, pods very large	5	15	75	2.50
White Marrowfat, grows very tall, great producer	5	15	75	2.50
Melting Sugar, tall, edible pod, very sweet	5	30	1.75	6.00

PEPPER—PFEFFER



Chinese Giant

Long Red Cayenne

Culture:—Sow in hot beds in March, or in seed beds about the middle of Spring in light warm soil. When the weather becomes warm transplant the plants fifteen to eighteen inches apart each way, and earth up a little when hoeing. One ounce will produce about 1500 Plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Ruby King, grows to a good size, pods hot	5	15	50	
Large Bell, or Bullnose, pods round and large	5	15	50	
Sweet Spanish, a good, sweet pepper, pods large	5	15	50	
Long Red Cayenne, long red pods, very hot	5	15	50	
Chinese Giant, largest pepper in cultivation	5	25	75	
Red Chilli, round, small red pods, hot	5	25	1.00	
Red Cherry, principally used for pepper sauce	**5**	**25**	**1.00**	

PUMPKIN—FELDKUERBISSE

Culture:—May be planted middle and end of Spring among the corn, eight to ten feet apart each way. Cultivate same as Melons.

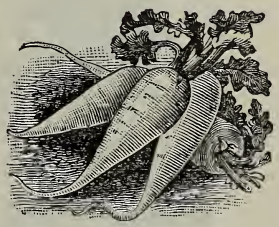
	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Kentucky Field, large yellow, best for stock feeding	5	10	15	25
Large Cheese, large, yellow, hard shelled	5	10	15	50
Cushaw, Striped Crookneck, fine for pie	5	10	15	50
Tennessee Sweet Potato, fine for baking and Pies	5	10	15	50
Mammoth or Pot Iron, grows to an enormous size	5	10	25	75

RADISH—RADIES UND RETTIGE

All of our Radish Seed we import direct from England and France, and is far superior to any American Seed.

White Tipped

Black Spanish



Strassburg

Culture:—For early use sow in January in hotbeds, or sow the early varieties in Spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in light rich soil in shallow drills, and for a sucession sow at intervals of two weeks until May. From May to August sow the summer varieties, and from August until September sow the winter varieties. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill. 8 to 10 pounds to the acre.

Long Brightest Scarlet, dark red, white tipped	5	10	15	35
Long Scarlet, Short Top, very early	5	10	15	35
Long White Lady Finger, best early White Radish for outdoor culture	5	10	15	35
Icicle, long, slender, white radish, fine for forcing	5	10	15	35
Wood's Early Frame, half long scarlet, forcing	5	10	15	35
Early Scarlet Globe, deep scarlet, grows larger than most early radishes	5	10	15	35
Early Scarlet Turnip, the most popular early radish	5	10	15	35
Early Scarlet, Turnip, White Tipped, fine for forcing and outdoor	5	10	15	35
Philadelphia White Box, round early white, for forcing	5	10	15	35
French Breakfast, half long white tipped	5	10	15	35
Chartier, long rose white tip,	5	10	15	35

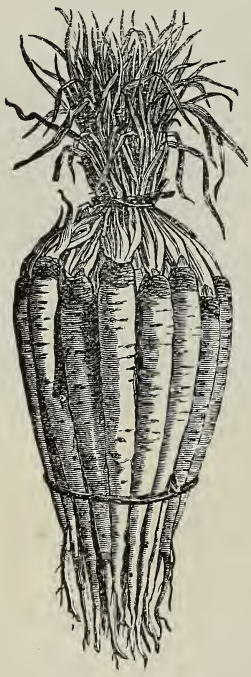
RADISH—Continued

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
St. Louis White Summer, the standard summer radish	5	10	15	35
Strassburg White Summer, very popular with market gardeners	5	10	15	35
Yellow Summer, or Golden Globe, an early summer radish	5	10	15	35
Round Black Spanish, grows very large and solid	5	10	15	35
Long Black Spanish, long dark radish, good keeper	5	10	15	35
Long White Spanish, Long White Winter Radish	5	10	15	35
Rose Colored China Winter, very popular winter radish	5	10	15	35
Round Scarlet China, large and solid (seed scarce)	5	10	25	75
New Triumph, a red and white speckled radish, beautiful and very early	5	10	30	1.00

RHUBARB—RHABARBER

Sow in Spring, in drills one inch deep, drills to be 12 inches apart, and thin the plants out to six inches apart. In the fall or the next Spring transplant to three feet apart in well fertilized ground. One ounce will produce about 500 plants.

Myatt's Victoria, large, red stocks,	5	15	35	1.25
Early Tobolsk, very early, excellent variety	5	15	35	1.25



Sandwich Island

SALSIFY—HAFERWURZEL

Culture:—Sow early in drills 12 inches apart, one inch deep, and thin out to four inches in the rows. Keep clean from weeds, and cultivate the same as Parsnips. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill. 8 to 9 pounds to the acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Mammoth Sandwich Island	5	10	25	75

Bloomsdale Savoy Leaved

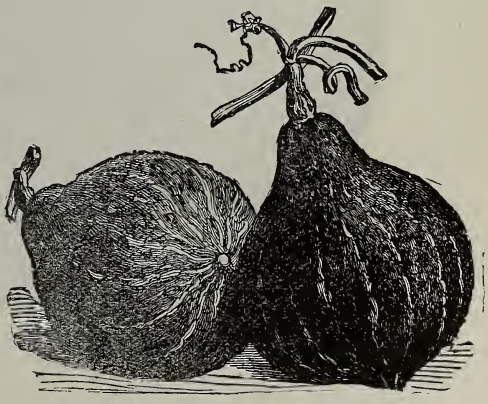
SPINACH—SPINAT

Culture:—Sow early in Spring, and for a succession at intervals of three weeks, in September and October sow for early Spring Greens, and cover lightly during the winter with straw. Sow about twelve pounds to the acre broadcast.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Bloomsdale Curled Savoy, best for fall sowing	5	10	15	20
Round Thick Leaved, for spring sowing, large leaved	5	10	15	20
New Victoria, for either spring or fall sowing	5	10	15	25
New Zealand, also called cut and come again	5	10	20	75

SQUASH—SPEISE-KUERBISSE

White Bush Scalop



Hubbard

Culture:—Plant in hills, the Bush variety four feet and the running kind, six feet apart; plant in the same manner and the same time as Melons. One ounce will plant about 30 hills. 3 to 4 pounds to the acre.

TOBACCO—TOBAK

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Early White Bush Scalop, large size, flat, good producer	5	10	20	60
Mammoth White Bush, about twice the size of the early	5	10	20	60
Golden Summer Crookneck, dark yellow	5	10	20	60
Boston Marrow, good for fall planting	5	10	20	60
White Pineapple, pure white, cone-shaped	5	10	20	60
Hubbard, hard shelled, dark green, winter squash	5	10	20	75

Culture:—Sow seed in hotbed or in open ground just as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring. In May or June set out the plants three feet apart in very rich soil. Cultivate often. One ounce of seed will produce about 4500 plants.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
White Burley, large leaved.....	5	20	60	2.00
Missouri Broad Leaved, very large leaved	5	20	60	2.00
Havana Small Leaved, fine flavored	5	25	75	2.50

TOMATO—LIEBESAPFEL

Livingston Globe

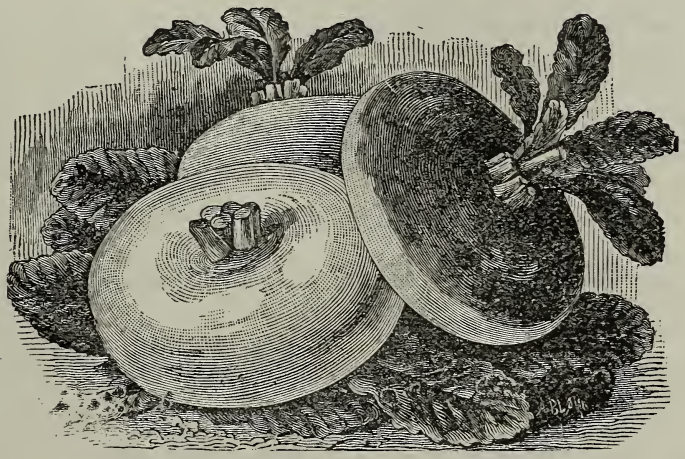
Culture:—Sow in hot bed in January and February and transplant into another bed when two inches high. When weather becomes warm and settled transplant in rich, light soil four to five feet apart. Or sow end of April, in open ground and transplant when six or eight inches high. Hoe often and draw the earth toward the plants. They either may be supported by stakes driven into the ground, or may be left to spread over the ground. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants. Four ounces will plant an acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
Earliana, red, earliest in the market.....	5	25	75	2.25
Livingston Globe, purple globe shaped and very smooth	5	30	1.00	3.50
Livingston's Beauty, purple, smooth and very productive	5	15	50	1.50
Perfection, red, smooth	5	15	50	1.50
Acme, purple, early, medium size	5	15	50	1.50

TOMATO—Continued

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼-lb.	1-lb.
The Stone, red, medium early, fine for canning	5	15	50	1.50
Buckeye State, late, large and very productive	5	20	65	2.00
Magnus Purple, leaf similar to potato leaf	5	25	75	2.25
White's Excelsior, purple, very popular with market gardeners	5	25	75	2.25
Imperial, similar to the Excelsior	5	20	60	1.75
Matchless, red, large, fine flavored	5	20	50	1.50
Dwarf Champion Purple, also called Tree Tomato	5	20	65	2.00
Ponderosa, a large Red Tomato, good flavor	5	25	75	2.50
Enormous, red, largest in cultivation	5	25	75	2.50
Yellow, Pear-shaped, oblong, very meaty	5	25	75	2.50
Red Cherry, best for preserves	5	25	75	2.50
Trucker's Favorite, purple, large and smooth	5	25	75	2.00

TURNIP—WEISE RUEBEN



Extra Early Purple Top Milan

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. One pound to the acre.

Culture:—For early use, sow soon as the ground can be worked. The Rutabagas sow in July, and the other winter Turnips sow from the middle of July to the middle of August. Turnip seed is generally sown broadcast, but can also be sown in drills twelve inches apart, and can be cultivated; in this manner they will produce a larger crop.

Extra Early, Purple Top Milan, very sweet	5	10	15	50
Early White Flat, Dutch, good for spring sowing, pure white	5	10	15	35
Red or Purple Top Strap Leaved, the standard variety	5	10	15	35
Red Top White Globe, best for fall planting	5	10	15	35
White Egg, egg-shaped, pure white	5	10	15	35
Long White Cow Horn, best for stock feeding	5	10	15	35
Large White Globe, pure white, large	5	10	15	35
Large Yellow Globe, Yellow Flesh	5	10	15	35
Seventop, grown for the tops only	5	10	15	35

RUTABAGA

American Yellow Purple Top	5	10	15	35

HERBS—KUECHENKRAEUTER

The following Herbs are used either for kitchen or medicinal purposes; they are easily cultivated, and no Garden should be without them. When well dried, they can be used at any season. Sow in shallow drills during Spring, and transplant or thin out from three to six inches apart.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1-lb.
Anise, used for medicinal purposes	5	10	
Balm, a medicinal Herb for tea	5	25	
Sweet Basil, for seasoning soups	5	10	
Borage, used as a salad	5	15	
Carraway, used for seasoning soups	5	10	
Chervil, used in soups and salads	5	10	
Sweet Majoram, used for seasoning	5	25	
Fennell, used for garnishing meats and salads	5	15	
Dill, used mostly for seasoning pickles	5	10	75
Lavender, used for perfuming	5	25	
Sage, used both for seasoning and medicine	5	15	1.00
Summer Savory, used for seasoning sausage	5	15	
Sweet Thyme, used for seasoning soups	5	25	
Sorrel Broad Leaved, used for salad	5	25	

ONION SETS—ZWIEBEL SETZLINGE

Culture:—Plant Onion Sets in drills twelve to fourteen inches apart and about 3 inches apart in the rows. Cultivate often and keep free from weeds. Plant as early as the ground can be cultivated in the spring. One quart will plant about 10 feet of drill. 8 to 10 bushels to the acre.

	Qt.	Peck.	Bu.
White Bottom Onion Sets, grown from seed of the White Silverskin variety	15	75	2.50
Yellow Bottom Onion Sets, grown from seed of the Yellow Danvers, & Danvers Globe variety	15	75	2.50
Red Bottom Onion Sets, grown from the seed of the Wethersfield and Red Globe variety	15	75	2.50
Potato Onion Sets, grown from large onions called Potato Onions because they multiply like Potatoes. One set will produce from 5 to 10 large, mild, sweet flavored onions. Highly recommended for small Gardens	15	75	2.50
Top Onions or Button Sets, grown on the top of a large onion, the earliest and one of the best onions in the market	15	75	2.50
		1-lb.	10-lbs.
Italian Garlic, planted same as onions and is used for seasoning sausage and meats		20	1.50

Prices on Onion Sets are Subject to Change.

SEED POTATOES

Prices on application.
All of our Seed Potatoes are well selected, sound, northern grown stock.

SEED POTATOES—Continued

Early Ohio, our leader for an early Potato, sure cropper. We can highly recommend this variety.

Early Rose, an excellent Potato, long and smooth, a good producer.

Early Beauty, of Hebrom, long, smooth, white, early Potato; somewhat earlier than the Early Rose.

Triumph, round, pink Potato; the earliest Potato grown.

Burbank, medium early, long, white Potato; a heavy cropper.

Rural New Yorker, the best late variety; almost always a sure crop and a heavy yielder.

Peerless, somewhat similar to the Rural New Yorker.

It takes from 10 to 12 Bushels to plant an acre.

SWEET POTATOES

Sweet Potatoes will not be ready to ship until about the first of March, when prices will be given on application.

Sweet Potato Plants will be ready about the middle of April at 25c per 100 and $2.00 per 1,000.

Early Red Bermuda, large red potato, very early and good yielder.

Southern Queen, large, white, of excellent flavor, medium early.

Red Nansamond, long, dark red, of medium size, best for main crop and late planting.

Yellow Nansamond, long, yellow, similar to the Red Nansamond.

VEGETABLE PLANTS AND ROOTS

Our Vegetable plants are all transplanted stocky plants, and we get them fresh every morning from our growers.

Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield, Early Summer, Brunswick, All Season, and Late Flat Dutch, 35c per 100 and $3.00 per thousand.

Cauliflower, earliest select Dwarf Erfurt, and Early Snowball, 15c per Doz. $1.00 per hundred. $8.00 per thousand.

Kohlrabi, Earliest Erfurt, Early White Vienna 35c per 100 and $3.00 per thousand.

Egg Plant, New York Oval Purple and Oval Purple Thornless 25 per Doz. $1.50 per hundred. $12.00 per thousand.

Pepper, Chinese Giant, Bell or Bullnose, Ruby King, and Long Cayenne 15c per Doz. $1.00 per hundred. $8.00 per thousand.

Tomato, Livingston Beauty, The Stone, Dwarf Champion, Acme and Buckeye State 15c per Doz. $1.00 per hundred. $8.00 per thousand.

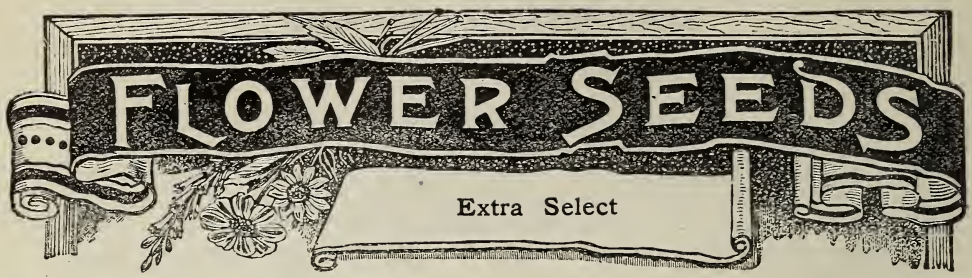
Asparagus Roots, White Mammoth, Palmetto, and Conovers Colossal, 2 year old roots 75c per hundred. $6.00 per thousand.

Rhubarb Roots, 3 to 4 eyes to the root Each 15c. $1.25 per Doz. $5.00 per hundred.

Horse Radish, Roots, 10 to 12 inches long, 15c per doz. 50c per hundred. $3.50 per thousand.

Jerusalem Artichokes, Roots, per Bu. 75c.

Chives, in clumps about 4 inches square. 1 doz. clumps $1.00.



All our Flower Seeds have been grown by the very best growers in Europe and are all of the very best quality and true to name.

All 5c packet Seed are 6 for 25c and 25 for $1.00.

This also applies to the Vegetable Seeds in packets, and packets only, not seed by the pound, quart, peck or bushel.

ANNUALS AND BIENNIALS

No.		Pkt.	Oz.
100	Ageratum, fine mixed	05	
101	Alsyum, Sweet, pure white	05	20
102	Alsyum, Little Gem, very dwarf and compact	05	20
103	Antirhinum (Snap Dragon) tall, mixed	05	15
104	Antirhinum (Snap Dragon) dwarf mixed	05	15
105	Amaranthus, leaves tri-color	05	
106	Aquilegia (Columbine), finest mixed	05	
110	Asters, German double mixed	05	25
111	Asters, drawf Chrysanthemum flowered	10	65
112	Asters, Trauffaut's Paeony flowered	10	75
120	Balsam, finest double mixed	05	30
125	Bartonia, golden yellow	05	
126	Bellis Perennis (Double Daisy) fine mixed	10	
128	Brachycome, (Swanee River Daisy) fine mixed	05	
129	Browallia, choice mixed	05	
130	Calendula (Pot Marigold) double mixed	05	10
131	Calliopsis or Coriopsis, all colors	05	10
132	Campanula (Venus Looking Glass), single and double	05	10
133	Candy Tuft, mixed colors, very fragrant	05	10
134	Candy Tuft, Pure White	05	10
137	Carnation, finest double mixed	10	
138	Carnation, Margaret, will bloom the first year	05	50
141	Celosia, (Coxcomb), drawf, mixed	05	50
142	Celosia, (Coxcomb), Plumosa, mixed	10	
145	Centaurea, Corn Flower or Bachelor Button	05	10
146	Centaurea, Emperor William, Dark Blue	05	10
149	Centaurea, Candidissima (Dusty Miller)	10	

ANNUALS AND BIENNIALS—Continued

No.		Pkt.	Oz.
150	Chrysanthemum, double and single mixed	05	15
151	Clarkia, fine double mixed	05	
152	Colinsia, all colors mixed	05	
153	Cosmos, giant mixed	05	
154	Cosmos, pure white	05	
156	Dahlia, single fine mixed	10	
157	Dahlia, double fine mixed	10	
158	Datura, (Trumpet Flower) pure white	05	
159	Delphinium (Larkspur), finest double and single mixed	05	
161	Dianthus Pinks, double Chinese mixed	05	15
162	Dianthus Pinks, Diadem pink mixed	05	50
163	Dianthus, Pinks, Heddwiggi, fine mixed	05	35
164	Dianthus Pinks, Japanese Imperial	05	20
167	Escholtzia (California Poppy), fine mixed	05	
168	Gaillardia Double mixed	05	
169	Geranium, single mixed	10	
170	Geranium, double mixed	10	
171	Heliotrope, finest mixed	10	
172	Hollyhock, choice double mixed	10	
173	Ice Plant, fine for hanging basket	05	15
174	Lobelia, white and blue mixed	05	
176	Marigold, tall African, choice mixed	05	20
177	Marigold, dwarf French, choice mixed	05	10
178	Marvel of Peru (Four O'Clock) mixed colors	05	10
179	Mignonette, many sorts mixed	05	10
180	Mignonette, machet large spikes	10	
183	Mimos Pudica (Sensitive Plant)	05	
184	Mimulus Moshatus (Musk Plant)	05	
185	Myosotis (For-get-me-not), finest mixed	05	
186	Nasturtium, dwarf, all colors ....lb. 75c	05	10
187	Pansy, fine mixed, all colors	05	50
188	Pansy, German, large flowering	10	75
189	Pansy, Giant, extra choice mixed	20	
192	Petunia, Hybrida, fine mixed	05	30
193	Petunia, large flowering, choice mixed	10	
196	Portulacca (Rose Moss) single fine mixed	05	20
197	Portulacca (Rose Moss), extra double mixed	10	1.00
198	Phlox Drummondi, all colors mixed	05	25
199	Phlox Drummondi, large flowering, choice, mixed	10	50
201	Poppy, double Paeonia, flowering mixed	05	10
202	Poppy, single Shirley, fine mixed	10	
204	Pyrethrum (Fever Few) Golden Feather	10	
205	Ricinus (Castor Beans), mixed	05	10
206	Salpiglosis, all shades and colors	05	

ANNUALS AND BIENNIALS—Continued

No.		Pkt.	Oz.
307	Salvia Splendens (Scarlet Sage)	05	50
209	Scabiosa, (Mourning Bride) double mixed	05	15
210	Stocks or Gilli Flower, dwarf, double mixed	05	
213	Sunflower, double dwarf, mixed	05	10
215	Sweet Violet, blue and white mixed	10	
216	Sweet William, all colors mixed	05	10
217	Verbena, all colors mixed	05	50
218	Verbena, mammoth flowering mixed	10	
221	Vinca, Rosea, rose and white mixed	05	
223	Wall Flower, finest single mixed	05	
225	Zinnia, double, finest colors mixed	05	15
228	Wild Flowers, a mixture of several kinds of flowers	05	15

EVERLASTING OR STRAW FLOWERS

300	Acrolinium Roseum, red and white mixed	05
301	Amobium Alatum, white	05
302	Helichrysum, finest double, mixed	05
303	Gomphrena (Globe Amaranth), extra mixed	05
304	Rhodanthe, finest mixed	05
305	Statice Sinuata, all colors, mixed	05
306	Xeranthemum, extra double, mixed	05

ORNAMENTAL CLIMBERS

350	Balloon Vine (Love in a Puff), 5 to 6 feet	05	10
351	Balsam Apple, long golden yellow fruits, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
352	Canary Bird Flower, fine yellow flowers, 15 ft.	05	15
353	Cobea, Scandens, bell-shaped purple flowers, 20 feet	05	
354	Cypress Vine, red and white mixed	05	15
357	Gourds, Dipper, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
358	Gourds, Dish Rag, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
359	Gourds, Nest Egg, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
360	Gourds, Hercules Club, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
361	Gourds, Mock Orange, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
362	Gourds, small fruited, mixed, 10 to 12 feet	05	10
363	Hyacinth Beans, purple and white, mixed, 20 feet	05	10
364	Morning Glory, finest colors mixed, 20 to 30 feet	05	10
365	Morning Glory, Japanese, very large flowers, 20 to 30 feet	05	15
366	Moon Vines, bloom at night, white 25 to 40 feet	10	50
367	Nasturtium, tall or running, all colors, 5 to 6 feet	lb. 60c	05 10
371	Wild Cucumber, rapid climber, free bloomer, 10 feet	05	25
372	Scarlet Runner Beans, large scarlet flowers, 10 feet	05	10

Sweet Peas

	Pkt.	Oz.	lb.
Blanche Burpee, pure white	05	10	60
Catherine Tracy, light pink	05	10	60
Extra Early Blance Ferry, red, pink tinted	05	10	60
Countess of Raduor, lavender	05	10	60
Emily Henderson, pure white	05	10	60
Earliest of All rose white wings	05	10	60
Emily Eckford, white, pink shaded	05	10	60
Butterfly, lavender	05	10	60
Boreatton, dark marroon	05	10	60
Prince of Wales, purple, white, striped wings	05	10	60
Oriental, bright orange, pink	05	10	60
Eckfords, fine mixed, finest mixture	05	10	50

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

Caladium Esculentum

Caladium or Elephant Ear:—One of the finest foliage plants; leaves grow three feet long and two feet wide. 15 to 35c each. $1.50 to $3.00 per dozen.

Canna or Indian Shot:—The tall varieties are grown for their foliage, and the dwarf for their flowers. Bulbs of either variety 10c each. $1.00 per dozen.

Dahlias:—Large beautiful flowers, that bloom in August and September and last until the frost kills them. Named Varieties—15c each. $1.50 per dozen.

Gladiolus:—Plant in beds six inches apart and three inches deep; the flowers grow on a long stem about 15 to 18 inches long, bloom about 5 or 6 weeks after planting.

Meadowvale Mixture:—25c per doz. $1.50 per hundred.

Tuberoses:—Beautiful, pure white, wax-like, sweet scented, double flowers; they grow on slender stems, bearing ten to sixteen flowers. Double Dwarf Excelsior Pearl, 25c per dozen. $1.50 per hundred. Double tall, 25c per dozen, $1.50 per hundred. Armstrong Everblooming, 50c per dozen, $3.00 per hundred.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS—Continued

Chinese Paeonies:—Large, beautiful flowers that bloom very early in the spring. Paeonies are very hardy and will last for years. All colors 25c each. $2.00 per dozen.

Madeira Vine Roots:—A beautiful climber with small, sweet-scented, white flowers, climbing 10 to 15 feet; foliage dark green. 1-lb, 20c. 10-lbs., $1.50.

Moon Vine Plants:—Set out the plants when about 2 feet high in May, put strings to them to climb on. They grow 25 to 30 feet high. Pure white 15c each. $1.50 per dozen.

HOLLAND OR DUTCH BULBS

About the first part of September we will have a complete stock of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissus, Jonquils, Snowdrops, and etc., etc. Prices and book on cultivation will be mailed upon application about the first of September.

GRASS SEEDS.

Prices on Grass Seeds are subject to change.

Freight and Express charges to be paid by purchaser.

Timothy is the most valuable grass for hay. Sow early in Spring or Fall at the rate of 15-lbs. to the acre, but less if mixed with other grasses. Per pound 10c. 100-lbs, Market Price.

Red Top, a good permanent grass, makes good pasture. Is valuable for low, wet meadows, and produces a heavy hay crop. Sow 15 to 20 lbs. to the acre. Per pound, 15c. 100-lbs., Market Price.

Orchard Grass:—One of the most valuable Grasses to sow under trees and in shaded places, but will also do well in most any pasture. It is a permanent grass and will last for years, but is not fit for lawns. Sow 15 to 25-lbs. to the acre. Per lb., 20c. 10 lbs., $1.75. 100 lbs., $12.50.

Blue Grass:—Fancy clean—The best grass for lawns either sown by itself or mixed with White Clover and other grasses. Blue Grass also makes a fine pasture. For Lawns, sow 50 to 60 lbs. to the acre, and for Pasture, sow 25 to 30 lbs. One pound, 15c; 9 lbs., $1.00; 14 lbs., $1.50; 100 lbs., $8.50.

Meadow Fescue:—English Blue Grass—A perennial grass, excellent for pasture; also yields a large quantity of Hay. Sow 20 to 30 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 15c.; 10 lbs., $1.00; 100 lbs., $8.00.

English Rye Grass:—A valuable grass for Lawn and Pasture. Does well on any kind of soil. Sow 30 to 40 pounds to the acre. Per pound, 15c; 10 lbs., $1.00; 100 lbs., $8.00.

Bermuda Grass:—Especially adapted for southern climate where the winter is not severe. Sow 3 to 4 pounds to the acre. Per pound, 75c; 10 lbs., $6.00; 100 lbs., Market Price.

German Millet:—An excellent feed for cattle and sheep, but too coarse to feed to horses. Sow in late sumer or early fall, 25 lbs. to the acre. Market Price.

Hungarian Grass:—Similar to Millet; sow same quantity to the acre. Market Price.

Mixture for Permanent Pasture:—A mixture of grasses for pasture is far superior to Timothy, Clover or Red Top alone. Our mixture contains Blue Grass, Red Top, Timothy, Orchard Grass, and other grasses and Clover. We recommend this to be the best grass that anyone can sow for a permanent pasture. Sow about 50 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 15c.; 10 lbs., $1.75; 100 lbs., $11.00.

TINSLEY SEED CO. VERIBEST LAWN MIXTURE

Our Veribest Lawn Grass Seed is a mixture of the finest Lawn Grass Seeds, especially adapted for lawns. It will give perfect satisfaction, can also be sown in shady places. Sow early in fall. This is really the best time for sowing, although if sown very early in the spring it will do well. If your lawns need fertilizing, the best time to do this is in September or October, and can be put on the same time you sow your seed.

PRICE ON LAWN GRASS SEED

1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c; 7 lbs., $1.00; 100 lbs., $12.50.

One pound will sow 300 square feet, or 50 or 60 pounds to the acre.

Lawn Fertilizer should be put on in the fall or early spring before the sun gets too hot.

5 lbs., 20c; 10 lbs., 35c; 25 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., $2.50.

CLOVER SEEDS

Red Clover:—The best Clover for all practical purposes. Sow early in the Spring. One of the best things you can sow for Fertilizing. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 20c; 100 lbs., Market Price.

Mammoth or Sapling Clover:—Grows nearly twice as large as the Common Red Clover, and earlier to start a Spring growth. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 20c; 100 lbs., Market Price.

Alsike or Swedish Clover:—This Clover will thrive where the soil is quite wet, and will even stand flooding without being killed. Very productive and extremely valuable for Pasture and Hay. 1 lb., 20c; 100 lbs., Market Price.

White Dutch Clover:—Especially adapted for Lawn, can also be sown for Pasture; will grow on any soil. 1 lb., 35c; 100 lbs., Market Price.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne Clover:—The chief merit of Alfalfa is the fact that it can be cut three or four times in a season. The soil should be deep and well prepared. The roots shoot downward, till they are 8 to 10 feet below the surface, and will, therefore, resist the dryest weather. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 20c; 100 lbs., Market Price.

FARM AND FIELD SEEDS

Rye:—Sow in August and September; prepare the ground as for Wheat and sow at the rate of 1 to 1½ Bushels to the acre. Market Price.

Buckwheat:—Common, Japanese, and Silverhulled; sow about the middle of June, broadcast from ½-bu. to 3 pecks to the acre. Market Price.

Dwarf Essex Rape:—A forage plant of great merit; easily grown in any part of the United States. It is of great value for sheep feeding, also for Fertilizing. Sow broadcast 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 15c; 10 lbs., $1.00; 100 lbs., Market Price.

Wheat:—We handle all leading varieties of Seed Wheat and will send prices on application.

Cane or Sorghum:—Sow in drills 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre for sugar or molasses. If wanted for fodder, sow broadcast 40 to 50 lbs. to the acre. Market Price.

Broom Corn:—Missouri Evergreen. Sow in drills 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre and cultivate same as corn.

FARM AND FIELD SEEDS—Continued

Kaffir Corn:—Sow 40 to 50 lbs. to the acre for fodder, and if wanted for seed, sow in drills 3 feet apart; 5 to 6 lbs. to the acre and cultivate same as corn. Market Price.

Russian Sunflower:—This is highly prized by Poultry Raisers and Farmers as a food for fowls. Is immensely productive and can be raised cheaper than corn. It is the best egg-producing food known. 1 lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 100 lbs., Market Price.

Peanuts:—Can be raised with but little expense and are an exceedingly productive and paying crop. They are planted in the same manner as potatoes and require but little care beyond hilling up the young plants. 1 lb., 15c; 10 lbs., $1.00.

Cow or Stock Peas:—A valuable green forage or hay crop. Enriches poor land, improves good land. Cow Peas are superior to clover for Fertilizing, from the fact that the foliage is greater, besides making a full growth in from three to four months. Sow as early as May or as late as July. 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre broadcast.

Prices sent upon application.

Black-eyed, seed large, round, oblong, creamy white, with a large black eye.
Whippoorwill, the seeds are large, speckled brown in color.
Black, seed all black, also called Poor Man's Pea.
Clay Colored, large seed of a Blue Clay Color.
New Era, seed large and of bluish color.
Canada Field Peas, seed round, white; used principally for feeding pigeons.

FIELD SEED CORN

The Leaming Yellow:—An early, long eared corn, maturing in 90 to 100 days. Cobs small and red, deep, large grain of bright yellow. Peck, 35c.; Bushel, $1.25.

Pride of The North, Yellow:—An early dent variety, ears medium size, long deep yellow kernels. Matures in 90 to 100 days. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Eclipse Yellow:—A 90-day corn, grains deep orange yellow and deeply dented, ears 10 to 12 inches long. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Legal Tendre:—Yellow, an early variety similar to the Eclipse. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Piasa Queen:—Yellow, a medium early variety; matures in 120 days; grains deep yellow, broad and long, deeply dented. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Iowa Goid Mine, Yellow:—Long, heavy ears; matures in 100 to 120 days; long deep grains. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Champion White Pearl:—Matures in 90 to 100 days; long grains; deeply dented. Immensely productive. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Iowa Silver Mine:—One of the best medium early corns; matures in 100 to 120 days. Long dented grains. Peck, 35c; Bushel, $1.25.

Hickory King:—A fine late variety; grain very broad, dented and a heavy cropper. Matures in 120 days. Seed generally very scarce. Peck, 50c; Bushel, $1.50.

St. Charles White:—The best late corn grown. Long, red cob, often 18 inches long; long deep grains. Peck, 30c; Bushel, $1.00.

HOW TO USE FERTILIZER

For Cabbage, Tomato, Beans, Peas, Carrot, and etc., etc., use about 400 pounds to the acre, and sow broadcast; if you have no drill you can put it in the ground with. Be sure and work the Fertilizer in the ground. **Do Not Use as a Top Dressing.** In transplanting plants, put about a teaspoonful in with the plant and work it in. For Wheat and Grain of all kinds, drill in when you put the grain in.

FERTILIZER

(Ox High Grade Vegetable Grower)

This brand of Fertilizer is especially adapted for the use of Gardeners, on all classes of soil for early vegetables, insuring quick growth, tenderness, brightness, fine flavor and early maturity, one or two weeks earlier than by the usual methods. Per 100 lbs., $2.00; Ton, $35.00.

	100 lbs.	Ton.
Ox Wheat and Corn Guano	$1.60	$30.00
Ox Alkaline Bone	1.40	25.00
Ox Ammoniated Potash	1.50	28.00
Ox High Grade Dissolved Bone	1.10	20.00
Nitrate of Soda	3.50	65.00

THE USE OF FERTILIZER

Fertilizer is no longer an experiment; it pays on all crops and on any kind of land. It is used with paying results on the richest land as well as the poorest. Recent test at the Tennessee Experiment Station shows that the best returns for capital invested in Fertilizer came from the plot on which the most Fertilizer had been applied, viz: 1,525 pounds per acre. The test also demonstrated the superior value of Tennessee Acid Phosphate as compared with Bone Meal. One-half quantity being equal in results to Bone Meal.

Phosphate from the mines in Tennessee is considered as good as any in the world. It is exported to the agricultural countries of Europe in large quantities. This alone demonstrates the great value as a Fertilizer. It supplies the best source of Phosphoric Acid, and as this chemical remains in the soil until absorbed by the plant, and is not leached out as ammonia and potash, the farmer is making a permanent investment to his soil in applying Tennessee Acid Phosphate. The great value of a fertilizer is in its solubility and its special fitness for the crop to which it is to be applied.

A Fertilizer for one crop is not always good for another. It is, therefore, important that the farmer should purchase his fertilizer with full information as to the crop it is intended for.

We have enjoyed twenty years of successful manufacture of fertilizer, and it is with great pleasure that we see the sales of goods increasing each year. Customers write us in every Southern State attesting the value of our goods. The gradual improvement of the land where the Ox Brands have been used successfully for several years.

GRADES OF FERTILIZERS FOR SPECIAL SOILS

A gray, sandy soil is generally deficient in all the elements of plant food and requires a complete fertilizer.

Clay lands have more or less Potash, but need Phosphoric Acid. Bottom lands, rich in vegetable matter, are generally deficient in Phosphoric Acid and Potash. In places where rich soil and vegetables matter has accumulated, and the grain crops do not flourish, on account of the straw being weak and the grain lodging, a liberal application of Potash is generally very beneficial.

Agents wanted in all localities for our Fertilizer. Write or call, 912 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

PLANET JR. GARDEN TOOLS.

We handle all kinds of Planet, Jr. Tools and will mail catalogue free of charge to anyone desiring one.

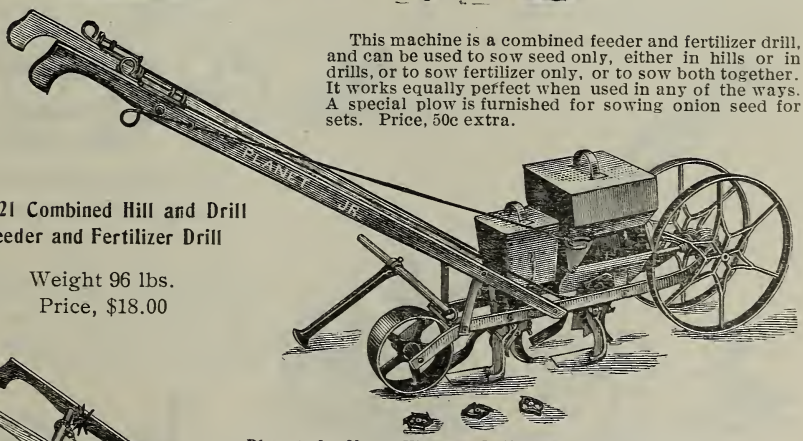
For some years, we find, in addition to a combined seed and fertilizer sower, there is a demand for a larger drill for Fertilizer only. This demand we can now supply with the most perfect tool of its kind we have ever offered. Simple, strong, reliable and durable, holding one-half bushel. Complete with Plow, coverer, roller and marker. It will sow Fertilizer evenly from 100 to 1,000 lbs. to the acre.

No. 20, Planet Jr. Fertilizer, Pea and Bean Seeder

Weight 97 lbs.
Price, Complete $16.00

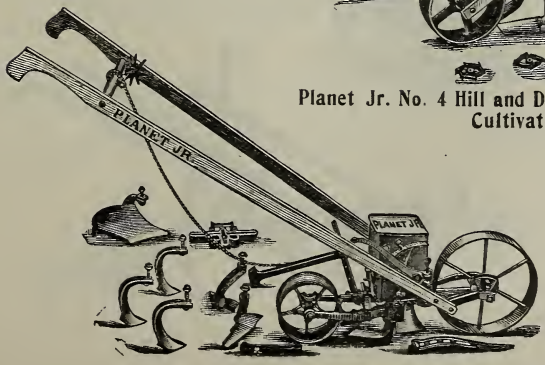
Without Opening plow, coverer, roller and marker, $13.00

This machine is a combined feeder and fertilizer drill, and can be used to sow seed only, either in hills or in drills, or to sow fertilizer only, or to sow both together. It works equally perfect when used in any of the ways. A special plow is furnished for sowing onion seed for sets. Price, 50c extra.



No. 21 Combined Hill and Drill Seeder and Fertilizer Drill

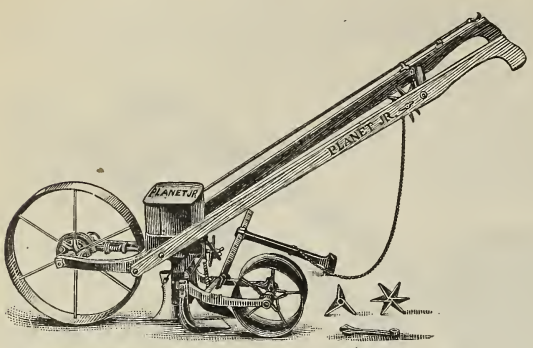
Weight 96 lbs.
Price, $18.00



Planet Jr. No. 4 Hill and Drill Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

This machine is a Hill and Drill Seeder; will drop 2-4-6-12 and 24 inches apart, and also sow in continous row. Can be changed into a single wheel hoe in a few seconds, very simple and easy to handle.

We recommend this tool very highly, especially for small farmer or market gardeners.



No. 3 Planet Jr. Hill and Drill Seeder

Price, $10.00

The favorite machine among Onion Growers and Market Gardeners. Sows in drills, and also in hills, 4-6-8-12 and 24 inches apart.

No. 17 Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

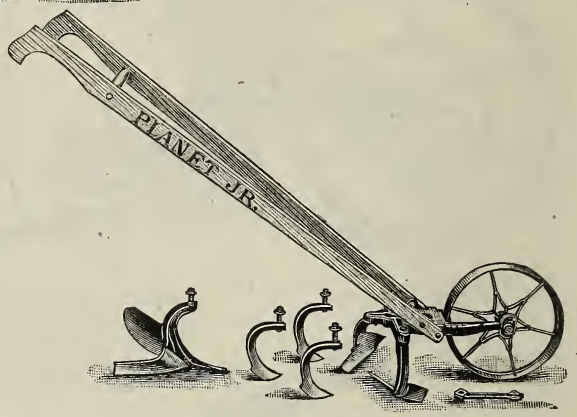
Price, $4.50

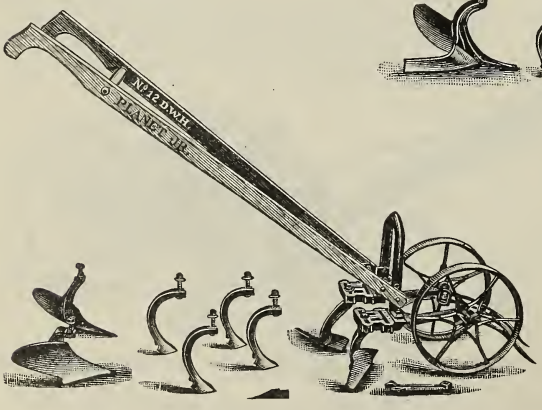
Very popular machine with Market Gardeners.

No. 16 Single Wheel Hoe Cultivator, rakes and plow. Price, $5.35.

No. 17½ same as No. 17 without plow. Price, $4.00.

No. 18 with pair of Hoes only. Price, $3.00.





No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

Price, $6.50

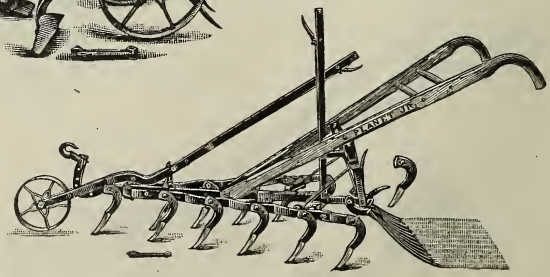
This machine is used by large gardeners and onion growers.

No. 13 Double Wheel Hoe, same as above with 6 inch hoes only. Price, $4.25.

No. 12 Tooth Harrow and cultivator complete. Price, $8.00.

Without Pulverizer, Price $6.40.

Without Pulverizer or Wheel. Price, $5.30.



SPRAY PUMPS

Meyer's Lightning, Single-Tube Sprayer, Tin, 50c each; Brass, 75c each.

Auto Compressed Air Sprayer, 5 gallon, Galvanized, $3.50 each; Brass $4.00 each.

We also carry a full line of spray pumps for spraying trees and also for white-washing.

POULTRY SUPPLIES

Pratt's Poultry Food and Stock Foods, Louse Powder in all size packets.

INTERNATIONAL POULTRY POWDERS, STOCK FOOD AND LOUSE POWDERS

Lee's Lice Killer: Gall., $1.00; ½ Gal., 60; Quart, 35.

	10 lbs.	100 lbs.
Oyster Shells	15	.75
Mica Crystal Grit	15	1.00
Coarse Chicken Bone	35	2.50
Fine Bone Meal for Poultry	35	2.50
Chamberlain's Perfect Chick Food		2.50
Chamberlain's Perfect Hen Food		2.00

BIRD SEEDS

	1 lb.	3 lbs.
Mixed Bird Seed	10	25
Canary and Rape	10	25
Canary Seed	10	25
Hemp Seed	10	25
German Rape Seed	10	25
Maw or Poppy Seed	20	
Russian Sunflower Seed	10	25

INSECTESIDES

Hammond's Slug Shot .....5 lbs., 30c; 10 lbs., 50c; 50 lbs., $2.25; 100 lbs., $4.50
Tobacco Dust .....1 lb., 5c; 6 lbs., 25c; 100 lbs., $2.00
Nikoteen, per pint bottle $1.50

PARIS GREEN

Paris Green ¼-lbs., 10; 1-lbs. at 35; 14-lbs, $4.20; 56-lbs., $16.25.

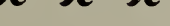
TERMS

All orders, to insure prompt attention, must be accompanied by cash; remittance of small sums can be made in currency or postage stamps, large amounts by draft on St. Louis. The safest way to send money is by registered mail or Post Office Money Order.

Postage Stamps will be received the same as cash. We positively send no goods C. O. D.

In sending your orders please give your name in full, with Post Office, County and State. Also giving instructions how to ship, by mail, express or freight.

All orders for seeds will be filled carefully, in rotation as they are received.



Address all correspondence to

TINSLEY SEED CO.,
912 North Broadway,
St. Louis, Mo.

Mammoth Japanese Fern Ball

JAPANESE FERN BALL—IN LEAF.

Requires neither pots nor soil. Lives on air and water.

Flourishes in a window, suspended by a cord.

Thousands of this interesting Japanese novelty were sold in the last two years. The ball is composed of dormant fern roots wound upon a globe of moss, and so constructed as to send out beautiful green leaves from every point. They grow rapidly and make a beautiful decoration.

When the ball is received, immerse it in water several hours, then suspend it in any desired position, after which, water about three times a week.

Requires from 1 to 4 weeks to start into growth and the most water when it is in full leaf.

The Fern Ball may be allowed to dry up at any time, and be set away and be started again by watering as before.

Price each 35 cents; by mail 50 cents postpaid.

Tinsley Seed Co.

912 N. Broadway St. Louis, Mo.